

# Exercises (1)

NPAC Course on High Energy Astrophysics – Stefano Gabici

14 September 2020

## 1 The normalisation of the cosmic ray spectrum

The *Voyager 1* probe measured the intensity of local cosmic ray protons  $j(E)$  which can be (very) roughly represented as:

$$\begin{aligned} j(E) &= A \left( \frac{E}{E_0} \right)^{0.1} & E < E_0 \\ &= A \left( \frac{E}{E_0} \right)^{-2.7} & E > E_0 \end{aligned}$$

where  $E_0 \sim 1$  GeV and  $A$  a normalisation constant in units of  $\text{eV}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{sr}^{-1}$ .

Find the value of the normalisation constant  $A$  by imposing that the local energy density of cosmic ray protons is  $w_{CR} \sim 1 \text{ eV/cm}^3$ . Show that most of the energy is carried by particles with energy  $E \gtrsim E_0$ .

Finally, estimate the normalisation  $B$  (in units of  $\text{eV}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ ) and the spectral slope  $\alpha$  of the injection spectrum of cosmic rays in the Galactic disk (for  $E > E_0$ ):

$$Q(E) = B \left( \frac{E}{E_0} \right)^{-\alpha} \quad (1)$$

knowing that the residence time of cosmic rays in the Galactic disk scales as  $\tau_c \propto E^{-0.3}$  and that the total cosmic ray power of the galaxy is  $P_{CR} \sim 10^{41}$  erg/s.